

QUALIFYING PARTY LICENSES IN OTHER STATES?

State	Title of Responsible Party which is similar to a QP	Experience Required	Notes
<p style="text-align: center;">California (Department of Pesticide Regulation/Structural Pest Control Board)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Operator (Qualifying Manager)</p> <p>*A Qualifying Manager is an Operator designated by the business as responsible for the daily supervision of the pest control operations.</p>	<p>Fumigation (BR 1) 2 yrs/1 as FR Pest Control (BR 2) 2 yrs/1 as FR Termite Control (BR 3) 4 yrs/2 as FR</p> <p>Operator License also requires “Board Approved” course work in subjects relevant to the Branch</p> <p>FR = Field Representative License and requires documented experience; however, only fumigation establishes 6 months as a minimum.</p>	<p>1 year exp. = 1600 hours</p> <p>Weed/T & O are regulated under different standards. A person performing business in these categories must have a Qualified Applicator License, which can be obtained by examination, and without required experience.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Colorado (Department of Agriculture; Division of Plant Industry)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Qualifying Supervisor</p>	<p>Varies depending on category</p> <p>Structural PC (pest, termite, fume) = 24 months in past 5 years. TC must have 100 verifiable in last 2 yrs, 30 of which must be “hands-on”.</p> <p>AG PC (weed, public health, et.al.) = 8 months in past 5 yrs</p> <p>Turf PC = 4 months in past 2 yrs</p> <p>Ornamental PC = 8 months in past 2 yrs</p>	<p>Allows college credit to supplant field experience. 1.5 to 5 months of field experience per year of college depending on category.</p>
<p style="text-align: center;">Nevada (Department of Agriculture; Plant Industry Division)</p>	<p style="text-align: center;">Primary Principal</p> <p>A Primary Principal is a Principal designated by the business as the person in charge of the daily operations/supervision of the business</p>	<p>Principal must have no less than 2 years of practical experience or 16 college credits in biological sciences (8 of which must be directly related) and 6 months practical experience in initial category.</p>	<p>Once licensed, Nevada laws allow a person (Principal) to add additional license categories through continuing education and/or college course work, as opposed to actual field experience.</p>

<p>Texas (Structural Pest Control Service)</p>	<p>Responsible Certified Commercial Applicator</p> <p>Certified Commercial Applicator designated by business as person responsible for supervision</p>	<p>Must have 12 months experience in past 24 months, must have held technician license for at least 6 months.</p> <p>A Technician License is obtained through examination after completing at least 68 hours of training (20 general)(8 classroom/40 field for each category) while an “Apprentice.”</p>	<p>Business needs a RCCA for each business location, and a person can only function as an RCCA for one business location at a time, although one can operate as a Certified Commercial Applicator for more than one business.</p>
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<p>North Dakota (Department of Agriculture)</p>	<p>None</p> <p>The only supervisor appears to be one who supervises the use of Restricted Use Pesticides; this person is called a Certified Public Applicator.</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>They just need to hold a valid certification. They get that by obtaining a passing score on an exam. Once they are certified, they would need to sit through a re-certification training course once every three years or re-take the exam.</p>
<p>North Carolina (Structural Pest Control Agency)</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>If one is to be <i>licensed</i> in a “specialized category” such as Ornamental, Turf, Termite, etc... then one must have two years of documented experience.</p>	<p>Two forms of applicators—unlicensed (test required), licensed—test and experience required (2 years experience).</p>
<p>Virginia (Office of Pesticide Services)</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>Must be able to pass exam. They only certify applicators and businesses; nothing similar to qualifying party.</p>

<p>Hawaii</p> <p>(Department of Agriculture Pesticides Branch)</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>Applicators—No experience</p> <p>Field Reps—60 hours of training and field experience</p>	<p>Must be able to pass exam and provide evidence of insurance.</p>
<p>Wisconsin</p> <p>(Department of Agriculture)</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>Must be able to pass exam. No experience required.</p>
<p>Pennsylvania</p> <p>(Department of Agriculture)</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>Must be able to pass exam. They only certify applicators and businesses; nothing similar to qualifying party.</p>
<p>Alaska</p> <p>(Department of Environmental Conservation)</p>	<p>None</p>	<p>Must obtain 12 hours of continuing education and then be able to pass an exam.</p>	
<p>New Mexico</p> <p>(Department of Agriculture)</p>	<p>Commercial Pesticide Applicator (CPA)</p>	<p>Their law simply states “application experience” and it does not have to be as an employee of a pest management operation nor is it based on the number of “hours” at the end of a hose.</p>	<p>Must pass exam.</p>